

Are We Safe? - Handling of Chemicals

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Compiled by: **SAFETY COMMITTEE, IPR**

Clip on "Importance of label on chemical bottle/container"



Don't work alone in the lab.



In case of a problem, you may need another person to prevent injury or even save your life!

The lab is a place for serious work!



Careless
behavior may
endanger
yourself and
others and
will not be
tolerated!

Wear Shoes that cover your feet

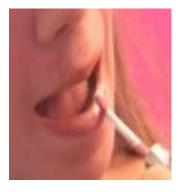




- Sandals and opentoed shoes do not protect your feet from broken glass that is frequently found in the lab.,
- Also, leather shoes protect your feet from chemical spills canvas shoes do not.

Don't apply cosmetics, eat or drink in the lab.









These activities are ways by which you can accidentally ingest harmful chemicals,

Don't taste any chemical.



Always ADD ACID to water.



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Know the hazards of the materials being used.

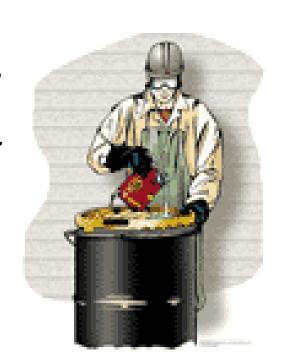


Read and reread labels carefully to make sure that you are using the right chemical.



Know how to interpret data from a MSDS.

- Carefully read the manufacturer's label on the chemical bottle/container before storing or using it,
- Practice good housekeeping in flammable liquid storage areas,
- Keep the containers closed when not in use and store away from exits or passageways



- Keep flammable liquids away from ignition sources such as open flames, sparks, smoking, cutting, welding, etc.
- Always provide adequate ventilation to reduce the potential for ignition of flammable vapors,
- No open flames, smoking, sparks or welding is allowed in flammable liquid storage areas,

Fume Hood for flammable chemicals,







Laboratory Attire

- Safety glasses
- Lab coat
- Hair pulled back
- Hand gloves
- Legs covered



- PVC and nitrile gloves often provide appropriate protection
- Use splash goggles
- Use face shield if splashing is possible

Example of Corrosive Compatibility:



Corrosive + Flammable = Fire,

i.e.
Nitric Acid + Ethanol



Clip on "Safety for Storage of Flammable Chemicals"



Flammable/combustible liquid drums shall not be stored so as to obstruct an exits, stairways, or areas normally used for the safe egress of people.

Clip on "Emergency Exit"



DISPOSAL OF CHEMICALS

Clip on "Safe Disposal"



HAND WASHING

Hand washing is the single most effective way to prevent the spread of infections.

- Wash your hands often and thoroughly, paying special attention to the area around and under your fingernails.
- Gloves are not a substitute for routine hand washing - rather an added protection.

HAND WASHING (Contd...)

- Wash Hands:
 - When arriving to work.
 - Before and after eating.
 - After using the restroom.
 - After removing gloves.
 - Before leaving work at the end of the day.



SUMMARY

- Most flammable liquids are volatile, meaning they evaporate quickly, and can reach a concentration in air that could lead to an explosion,
- Containers / bottles of such chemicals should not be kept open,
- Storage should be well ventilated,
- Keep chemicals' bottles away from heat / flame.

SUMMARY (Contd...)

- Keep chemicals' bottles away from heat / flame,
- Chemicals having wide range of flammability are the most dangerous and explosive. E.g. Hydrogen,
- Training to be imparted before personnel are assigned to laboratory,
- Training to be imparted prior to all new tasks involving hazardous chemicals,

YOUR CAREFUL ATTITUDE WILL NOT ONLY SAVE YOU BUT TO MANY OTHERS **WORKING WITH YOU**

THANK YOU

